UNIVERSITIES OF MANCHESTER, LIVERPOOL, LEEDS, SHEFFIELD AND BIRMINGHAM.

SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION.

TWO HOURS.

Answer ALL questions in Section A and any THREE questions from Section B.

In Questions 1, 2 and 3 a condidate need not write down more of his working than he finds it convenient to do; in all other questions full explanations and all necessary details of working are required.

SECTION A.

Mathematical tables must not be used in this section.

- A 1. (a) Simplify (12] + 1]) (3] × 2]).
 - (b) Divide 9-03 by 0-021.
 - (c) Find the square root of 49 1401.
- A 2. (a) Find the cost of 5 tons 13 cwt. of coal at £3, 15s. ton.
- (b) After a discount of 5 % is made, the price of an article is £4.0s. 9d. What was the original price of the article?
- (c) On what sum of money is £5, 15s, 6d. the simple interest for 7 months at 21 % per annum?

- A 3. (a) A piece of wire 34.2 cm, long weights 57 gm. Find, in nectree, the length of a piece of which would weight three-nurters of a kilogramme.
- (b) In an examination two papers were set and the marks awarded on the two papers were in the ratio 2: 3. A candidate obtained 30 % on the best paper and 55 % on the second. What percentage did he obtain of the total marks?
- (c) The average of 12 numbers is 7-80. The average of 8 of them is 7-76. What is the average of the remaining 4?
- A 4. What is the cost of lining the inside of a closed cylindrical tank of internal diemotor 7 ft, and internal length 8 ft. Siz., at 2s. Sd. per sq. ft., assuming that w = \$?
- A 5. When butter costs 2.85 kruon a kilogramme in Denmark it is ostimuted that the equivalent price in England would be is. 4d. a lb. What is the rate of exchange in kronen to the £, correct to three significant figures, assuming that 1 kilogrammes 2.20 lb. ?

SECTION B.

Answer any THREE operations in Section B.

Mathematical lables must not be used in Questions 6, 7 and 8.

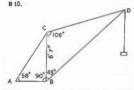
- B 6. A and B work similar machines but A is rate of working is to B is in the ratio 11:10. A works a 5-day week of 9 hours a day and B a 51-day week of 8 hours a day. A deduction of 2. 6d. a week is made from each man's wages for insurance, etc. If A then roceives £5. In a week, what should B then roceives
- B 7. A retailer sold radio acts at £25 each at a profit of 25 % on the cost price. If the price to the retailer is increased by £1 what should now be his salling price in order to make the same percentage profit as previously?
- After the increase in price the number of sats sold in a week decreased by 10 %. Express the profit now made in a week by the retailer as a percentage of the weekly profit made before the increase in price.
- B 8. (a) Calculate, correct to two places of docinuds, the rate per cent. per annum received on money invested in a $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ stock at 92.
 - (b) A man sold his holding of £4,200 of \$3,4% stock at 93 and invested the proceeds in a 4,4% stock, thus increasing his income by £6. What was the price of the new stock?

Turn over.

B9. (a) $A = 37^{\circ} 34'$; use tables to find the values of $\sin (90^{\circ} - A)$, $\cos (90^{\circ} + A)$ and $\tan (180^{\circ} - A)$.

tan (180° - A

(b) A and B are soute angles. Find A and B if $\sin (A-2B)=0.4168$ and $\cos (2A+B)=-0.9119$.



In the crane shown in the figure, BC = 6 ft. 7 in. Calculate the length of (i) AB, (ii) AC, (iii) CD, each to the nearest inch.

B 11. ABCD is a rectangular board in which AB = 4 ft. and BC = 3 ft. AB rests on horizontal ground and the board is inclined to the ground. OP is the perpendicular from C to the ground and the angle CBP is 70°. Calculate

(i) the acute angle between the diagonals of the board,

(ii) the angle OAP,

(iii) the angle BAP.